

## **ROYAL WOOTTON BASSETT ACADEMY**

### **Royal Wootton Bassett Academy**

# **Anti-Bullying Policy**

Written by:	Mrs M Roberts
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#### Relevant Legislations

Equality Act 2010

#### **Related** Policies

RWBA Safeguarding Policy and RWBA Behaviour for Learning Policy 2023

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#### 1. Policy Statement

Bullying, especially if left unaddressed, can have a devastating effect on individuals. It can be a barrier to their learning and have serious consequences for their mental health. Bullying which takes place at school does not only affect an individual during childhood but can have a lasting effect on their lives well into adulthood.

By effectively preventing and tackling bullying, schools can help to create safe, disciplined environments where pupils are able to learn and fulfil their potential. Department of Education (2017)

#### 2. Policy Aim

Royal Wootton Bassett holds values of respect, well-being, balance, and aspiration to create an environment where young people flourish both academically and socially. We aim to



foster a healthy and safe community where individuals take responsibility for themselves and show respect for others emphasising the importance of positive relationships amongst all members of the academy community. Bullying is anti-social behaviour and affects everyone; it is unacceptable and will not be tolerated. If bullying does occur, all pupils should be able to tell and know that incidents will be dealt with promptly and effectively.

All students, parents, staff and governors should have an understanding of what bullying is.

Staff and governors should follow the school policy when bullying is reported or suspected.

All students and parents should know what bullying is and inform a member of staff if bullying arises.

The Academy will always take bullying seriously. We use a range of proactive and reactive strategies to combat and prevent bullying.

3. Definition

Bullying is a form of child on child abuse . Bullying is any behaviour, which is deliberately intended to hurt, threaten, or frighten another person or group of people. It is repeated and usually unprovoked and can continue for a prolonged period. It always reflects an imbalance and abuse of power. It is important that it must not be confused with the usual childhood/teenage squabbles and arguments where individuals "fall out" with one another or have friendship issues.

Bullying can be:

- Emotional being unfriendly, excluding, tormenting
- Physical pushing, kicking, hitting, punching or any use of violence
- Racist racial taunts, graffiti, gestures
- Sexual unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments
- Homophobic because of, or focusing on the issue of sexuality
- Verbal name calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing
- Cyber all areas of internet, such as email and internet chat room misuse. Mobile threats by text messaging and calls. Misuse of associated technology, i.e. camera and video facilities.
- Disability/SEN because of or focusing on a disability or special educational need.
- Home circumstance targeting individuals who are looked after children or because of a particular home circumstance.

Bullying can therefore constitute any of the above activities within the context of the definition provided. Bullying may occur to anyone, and this policy is inclusive of the bullying of school staff, whether by pupils, parents or other staff. (Members of the school workforce suffering from or concerned about bullying may also contact their line manager, HR representative at school, union rep or professional association for support and advice).

Bullying can seriously damage a person's confidence and sense of self-worth, and they will often feel that they are at fault in some way. Students who are being bullied may show changes in behaviour, such as becoming shy and nervous, feigning illness or taking unusual absences. There may be evidence in work patterns, lacking concentration or truanting from school. These signs and symptoms may indicate other problems, but

bullying should be considered a possibility and should be investigated.

#### 4. Policy Objectives

To prevent, de-escalate and/or stop any continuation of harmful behaviour. To react to bullying incidents in a reasonable, proportionate and consistent way. To safeguard the student who has experienced bullying and to trigger sources of support. To apply disciplinary sanctions to the student causing the bullying and ensure they learn from the experience, possibly through multi-agency support.

#### 5. Policy Reporting

If bullying is suspected or reported, the incident with be taken seriously and dealt with as quickly as possible by the member of staff who has been approached. A clear account of the incident with be recorded and passed to the Head of Year or the Student Manager.

The Head of Year / Student Manager will investigate the incident by interviewing all concerned and record outcomes on CPOMS and or SIMS via incident logs as a bullying incident. Staff should record bullying incidences on CPOMS under the category of child on child abuse.

ILearn tutors and subject staff will be kept informed and asked to monitor the behaviour of the students concerned. Seating plans will be adjusted if desired.

Parents will be kept informed and are discouraged from taking matters into their own hands and should not approach a suspected student but speak to a member of staff.

Each incident of actual or alleged bullying will be unique in its representation and its level of impact on the individuals concerned. Therefore, it is important that the school is given the opportunity to tailor a strategy to address the situation and to support the bullied student according to the particular incident/s.

Students who are victims of bullying will be offered the opportunity to discuss their experience with their form tutor or another member of staff, be offered support in terms of access to the counselling or peer mentoring scheme or a bullying ambassador to restore self-esteem and build confidence and have the use of the POD for as long as needed.

Students who have bullied will be helped by; discussing what happened, discovering why the student became involved and establishing a sense of wrong-doing. Parents/carers will be informed to help change the attitude and behaviour of the student.

In agreement with both parties involved there will also be the opportunity to rebuild relationships, involving a discussion mediated by a member of staff as a way of resolving disputes. This will usually be the Head of Year or the ALT for RSE and Equality.

#### The following disciplinary steps may be taken:

- Official warning to cease offending
- Exclusion from certain areas of the school premises or certain activities
- Contracts regarding who uses which section of shared space
- Detentions
- Isolation via IER for breaks and lunch times

- Internal fixed term suspensions IER
- External fixed term or permanent exclusion.

#### 6. Prevention

As a school we take bullying seriously. We use a range of proactive strategies to prevent bullying. These include;

- Effective school leadership that promotes an open and honest anti-bullying ethos with the liaison of the Student Parliament and promotion of the Diana Award.
- Use of curriculum opportunities via the S4L programme and iLearn programme.
- Diversity and Inclusion are discussed via the Student Parliament and also the Bassett Many Voices group
- Use of the Global Equalities Group
- Use of opportunities throughout the school calendar and at certain times of the school day to promote our values.
- Raise awareness of the negative consequences of bullying via the ilearn programme
- The Anti-Bullying Week in November of each year
- Whole school assemblies.
- Pupil surveys.
- Poster campaigns.
- Improved supervision in potential problem areas.
- Peer mentoring and Buddy Schemes.
- Assertiveness training.
- Review of general and specific staff induction and continuing professional development to ensure staff training reflects the anti-bullying policy and practice of the school